

REGIONAL UN SYSTEM MEETING FOR EUROPE AND CENTRAL ASIA

11-12 May 2017 – UNECE, Geneva

Note for Record and Conclusions

Item 1: SDG DIALOGUE WITH MEMBER STATES

Regional Advocacy Paper

Regional Directors exchanged views on the launch and further use of the updated Regional Advocacy Paper. The launch event held before the Regional UN System Meeting was well attended and the joint publication was well received, including by member States. The Regional Advocacy Paper, fully owned by the UN entities and highly appreciated by the Regional Directors as an excellent inter-agency deliverable, is seen as a useful analytical and advocacy tool for the UN in Europe and Central Asia to support SDG mainstreaming at the regional and country levels.

UNOG SDG Lab

The SDG Lab, an initiative of the United Nations Office at Geneva (UNOG), was presented. Created at the beginning of the year, the SDG Lab aims at bringing together stakeholders in a non-siloed way, connecting people and organizations to strengthen partnerships within and beyond the UN, and showcasing best practices to achieve the SDGs.

Regional Directors discussed with the Director of the SDG Lab the focus and modalities of the Lab's activities, including the involvement of agencies not based in Geneva.

DECISIONS AND AGREED FOLLOW-UP ACTIONS

- Regional Advocacy Paper will be widely disseminated and used at events of the regional UN system. Regional Directors committed to use the substantive messages included in the RAP and the Paper itself in their outreach and advocacy activities at the regional and country levels.
- Regional Advocacy Paper will be shared with the RCs/UNCTs.
- Opportunities will be explored by the regional UN system to take advantage of the facilities of the UNOG SDG Lab.

Item 2: DEBRIEFING ON REGIONAL FORUM ON SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

The first stand-alone Regional Forum on Sustainable Development for the UNECE Region took place on 25 April 2017. Its main features and outcomes were:

- The region has taken promising first steps to implement the 2030 Agenda and its Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). At the Regional Forum, 46 governments and numerous other actors exchanged experiences and took stock of SDG progress.

- Some one and a half years after the adoption of the 2030 Agenda, many countries have strong national strategies for sustainable development, anchored at the highest political level. Countries are aligning legislation and policies with the SDGs, and strengthen financial instruments and investments as well as data and monitoring to support SDG implementation.
- Serving as an open platform that connects governmental and non-governmental actors in the region, the Regional Forum benefitted from strong engagement of numerous UN entities, other international organizations, civil society, the private sector and academia.
- The report of the Regional Forum, including a Chair's summary of the substantive discussions at the Policy Segment and the parallel Round Tables, will be submitted to the High-level Political Forum (New York, 10-19 July 2017).

The important role of the regional UN system in the Regional Forum and its preparations was stressed, including through providing inputs to the background document and speakers. UNECE thanked the Regional Directors for their support and contributions.

The discussion on the conduct and set-up of the Regional Forum included the following key points:

- The interactive character of the event was appreciated, especially in the Round Tables.
- The involvement of civil society, including through a preparatory civil society consultation, was also commended and could be further strengthened in the future.
- Data and monitoring was an important topic to be touched upon.
- The next Regional Forum would benefit from more engagement from EU countries.

DECISIONS AND AGREED FOLLOW-UP ACTIONS

- The Regional Forum will be put on the agenda of the next Regional UN System Meeting (Venice, 19-20 October 2017), with discussions focusing on how the regional input was received at the HLPF 2017 and the preparations of the Regional Forum 2018
- With regard to the Regional Forum 2018, UNECE will reach out to Regional Directors to exchange ideas and suggestions on the following issues:
 - Innovative ideas and formats to frame the discussions
 - Possible thematic areas of the next Regional Forum, including financing and investment and specific challenges of middle-income countries
 - Strengthening involvement of civil society, in particular NGOs working at country level, and private sector

Item 3: UPDATE ON UN REFORM AND QCPR

The R-UNDG Chair provided a short overview of the UN reform process:

- QCPR mandated several UN reform streams, which are currently under way: (i) a review of the functions and capacities of the UN system to support implementation of the SDGs; (ii) enhanced coordination and governance of the UN system, with a focus on strengthening the role of ECOSOC, and (iii) further improvements to the RC system.
- The UNDS reform initiatives are led by DSG Amina Mohammed with the support of a QCPR Coordinating Team under the co-chairmanship of Lenni Montiel of UN DESA and John Hendra of the UNDG.

John Hendra, QCPR Coordinating Team, presented (virtually) an outline of the SG priorities, key steps on the UN reforms made so far and the progress with QCPR implementation:

- The SG is putting significant emphasis on the shift to prevention, integration of peace and security and sustained humanitarian and development linkages.
- QCPR implementation is taken in three tracks. Track A includes a study on the functions and capacities of the UN system, undertaken by the Dalberg International (will be part of the SG report in June 2017). Proposal on the RC system will be finalized by the end of the year. Track B refers to QCPR mandates covering system-wide provisions that require a collective response by the UN development system. The result has been a proposal including a total of 76 proposed actions in response to QCPR mandates. Additional review, analysis and thinking are on: (a) data and how it is looked at across the system; (b) work across the Charter; (c) UNCT configurations to avoid the “one size fits all” approach. Tools, including the new UNDAF Guidance, will need to be scrutinized in view of this. Track C is looking how each part of the system aligns itself with the QCPR.
- The DSG is conducting a number of consultations (the recent one includes SIDS and G77); QCPR Coordinating Team has had a number of consultations with the experts and other stakeholders.

The discussion that followed the presentation included the following key points:

- Impact of the change of the US position on the funding of the UN system.
- The role of the regional UN system and cooperation models should be strengthened and clarified. QCPR Coordinating Team will welcome more information on the good working models of cooperation, as the QCPR did not fully address the regional level of the UN work.
- The findings of the review undertaken by the Dalberg International will only be used internally at this stage and published at the end of year.
- The Statement of Collaboration between the UNDG and the Regional Commissions should go further than the scope of the document, both to ensure strong collaboration and avoid duplication.

DECISIONS AND AGREED FOLLOW-UP ACTIONS

- [Regional UN system will share with the QCPR Coordinating Team a note regarding the successful model of cooperation at the regional level.](#)

Item 4: HUMAN RIGHTS UP FRONT: CHANGES IN APPROACHES AND MECHANISMS

Paolo Galli, UNDP Senior Regional Advisor, on behalf of UNDP and DPA, as co-chairing entities for the Regional Monthly Review, provided an update on the review mechanism of the SG’s Human Rights up Front (HRuF):

- Since the establishment of the HRuF, all countries in the ECA region were reviewed through the Regional Quarterly Review (RQR) mechanism.
- In 2017, RQRs were transformed into the Regional Monthly Review (RMR) meetings: the scope was expanded to allow for a broader early-warning prevention focus. RMRs review countries that are not covered by other mechanisms (IATF or other inter-agency mechanisms).
- In 2017, two RMRs took place: the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia was reviewed on 13 March 2017; Belarus on 18 April 2017. The next RMR is planned for 23 May 2017 on Central Asia; on Bosnia and Herzegovina for June.

The discussions included the following main points:

- The need for inclusion of thematic RMRs (gender based violence, rights of the LGBTI) was expressed. The RMRs allow for thematic discussions, based on the needs in the region.
- The issue of leveraging comprehensive UN response was expressed, specifically with the issues that are sensitive for the RCs/HCs to address at the country level. Regional level response is crucial in this case.
- The RMR allows inviting entities that are not members of the RMR to ensure quality preparation of the background and recommendations. This could allow for bridging the work of the RMR at the regional level with the work of the IBCs.

DECISIONS AND AGREED FOLLOW-UP ACTIONS

- Suggestions for thematic sessions can be provided to the R-UNDG to be conveyed to the RMR co-chairs.
- Updates on the RMRs in the region will be provided further, as the mechanism is fully rolled out and tested throughout 2017.

Item 5: BELARUS: CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES (INCLUDING THE SDGs)

The UN Country Team in Belarus led by the UN Resident Coordinator provided an update on the situation in Belarus, underlining the following key points:

- The UN is a trusted partner in Belarus, especially in the areas of human rights, non-communicable diseases, cooperation with civil society, etc. The UN has been lobbying “behind the scene” on many important initiatives, bridging the gap with the civil society in the area of the rule of law.
- High level SDG Coordination Council was established and includes parliamentarians and representatives of the local authorities. Belarus is submitting a Voluntary National Review (VNR) report for the 2017 HLPF. MAPS mission was requested (the ToR is under discussion). Follow up to the “Inclusive Belarus” campaign is under way.
- UNDAF is being implemented. Results Groups presented their work, emphasizing the recent achievements with the development and adoption of the National Human Rights Action Plan, energy efficiency of public buildings and climate change, employment generation for the returning migrants, etc.

The discussion that followed the presentation included the following main points:

- In view of a shorter life expectancy than in the rest of Europe, focus on social services (education, healthcare, etc.) is extremely important.
- IBCs could be more broadly engaged and provide support, if needed.
- UN Environment expressed readiness to support the common effort to scale up from pilot initiatives to full scale programmes (esp. green economy).
- UNECE noted the progress in the area of public-private partnerships and its readiness to support this area of work.
- UNCT expressed request for assistance in the priority areas, where the gaps were identified (such as data for the work with the target vulnerable groups); strengthening cooperation with the IFIs (specifically the World Bank and EBRD) and the need for tools and experts to support the SDG implementation.

DECISIONS AND AGREED FOLLOW-UP ACTIONS

- Request for stronger connection with the regional experts (through the IBCs) was noted. The IBCs will provide the requested support, as per the need outlined by the UNCT.
- WHO, UN-Women, UNICEF, UNDP, UNFPA, UN Environment, UNECE, as well as other UN entities at the regional level expressed readiness to provide support in key priority areas identified by the UNCT in connection with their mandates.

Item 6: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA: CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES (INCLUDING THE SDGs)

The UN Country Team in Bosnia and Herzegovina led by the UN Resident Coordinator provided an update on the situation, underlining the following key points:

- The current country context: application for the EU candidacy but lack of common country development vision, continued political tensions. Trust in public institutions is low. Aging populations and low quality of services present a challenge. Some signs of radicalization are present.
- The UN, with presence in over 80% of municipalities, supports service delivery and building government capacities. The target groups of the focused UN support: returnees and displaced people, Roma, people with disabilities. Building resilience and flood recovery, as well as work on climate change adaptation and mitigation are a priority. Joint UN programme on peace and reconciliation builds on the Dialogue for Future initiative.
- Work on the SDGs: ownership from the side of the host government is low. UN efforts started with awareness raising and analysis of the existing strategies and SDG Conference.
- DaO: fully implemented 11 elements (out of 15). Light review of UNDAF is planned. Current UNDAF does not reflect current political and environmental challenges. Change in the composition and role of the international community and the need to re-emphasise the conflict-prevention agenda have impact on the UN work in BiH.
- UNCT requested support from the regional level with regard to the next UNDAF development, PSG support for the UNDAF review, facilitation of the MAPS mission (which was requested).

The discussion that followed the presentation included the following main points:

- Work on SDGs in view of the EU accession agenda was commended. It was recommended to scale up the results of the Dialogue for Future initiative. Regional support can be provided, if needed.
- The need for coordination with the government and contingency planning not only for the DRR elements, but also various scenarios was raised. UNCT was advised to consider how to re-profile its contingency planning in view of the current events and their potential consequences.
- Focus to the environmental situation (e.g. air quality monitoring and outreach campaigns) will need capacity development for data collection and implementation of the Rio Conventions (potential contribution to the MAPS mission).
- There is a need to have a common vision and strategy for health policies, specifically for the non-communicable diseases.
- Addressing sensitivities within the census: international expert will work with the 3 statistical agencies to help with the census in 2018 and household surveys.
- Stronger integration of the normative instruments in UNDAF process was suggested. UNCT will engage UNECE during the UNDAF preparation process for this.

DECISIONS AND AGREED FOLLOW-UP ACTIONS

- PSG will continue providing support to the UNCT with the development of the new UNDAF, which should exemplify coherence between development and sustaining peace agendas, and integration of the SDGs into the UNDAF.
- Support and facilitation with the requested MAPS mission to Bosnia and Herzegovina will be provided.
- IBCs will engage with the respective Results Groups to support the UNCT.
- RC and UNCT will join the RMR for Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Item 7: UPDATE ON PROGRESS WITHIN SDG COMMON FRAMEWORK: MAPS MISSIONS AND PSG SUPPORT

Update on the MAPS missions in the region was provided by UNDP Deputy Regional Director:

- MAPS missions are characterized by 3 key features: integrated nature of SDGs, indivisibility of the 2030 Agenda and the principle of leaving no one behind. MAPS missions provide roadmaps for governments and the UN and require system-wide engagement of the UN agencies.
- In 2017, there will be 40 missions, 9 of which in the ECA region (potential mission recipients are: Belarus, Kyrgyzstan, Moldova, Turkey and Turkmenistan).
- The lessons learnt throughout 2016 indicate a need for improved government buy-in and ownership by UNCT, which should be reflected in the Terms of Reference. In the ECA region, MAPS missions are less about mainstreaming and more about acceleration, financing and data and call for a new quality of existing platforms for the implementation of the recommendations (UNDAF, etc.)

PSG co-chairing agencies (UNFPA and UNAIDS) provided an update on the work of the PSG in view of its expanded role to support SDG integration in country programme frameworks:

- MAPS missions will need to become more open and ensure system-wide engagement in the mission. A platform for sharing the findings and recommendations by the MAPS missions is needed.
- UNDAF for Kyrgyzstan has been finalised. UNDAF for Moldova is at the stage of incorporation of the final comments. UNDAF for Ukraine is on track.

The discussion that followed the presentation included the following main points:

- Discussions are underway to create a mechanism to ensure participation of other UN agencies.
- More systematic approach to the discussions on data is needed. MAPS missions should also be linked to the work of the IBCs.
- Wider use of the Regional Advocacy Paper during the MAPS missions was recommended.
- New UNICEF PSG member was announced.

DECISIONS AND AGREED FOLLOW-UP ACTIONS

- Updated Terms of Reference for the PSG will be circulated by UNAIDS for comments and endorsement.
- MAPS missions will include representatives of the UN agencies in 2017.

- PSG members will familiarize themselves with the recommendations and outcomes of the MAPS missions and strive to integrate respective recommendations into UNDAF development and operationalisation processes.
- A calendar of the MAPS missions for 2017 will be shared once finalized.

Item 8: INTER-AGENCY COOPERATION ON DATA AND MONITORING

At the outset, Regional Directors were briefed on a *UNECE Expert Meeting on Statistics for SDGs* in April 2017, which discussed how to meet the main challenges regarding SDG measurement. Among its main decisions were:

- Develop a generic outline/template for national road maps for measuring SDGs
- Develop guidance for National Statistical Offices for an effective communication strategy
- Take up issues raised with regard to national reporting platforms
- Better understand data flows between National Statistical Offices, custodian agencies, and the UN Statistical Division
- Address the significant need for statistical capacity-building.

Regional Directors discussed the following main points:

- There is a need to further strengthen coordination between the statistical work of the different agencies to ensure coherence and synergies at the country level as well as with the work at the regional level carried out under the Conference of European Statisticians. This would help the regional UN system to provide comprehensive and effective support to governments.
- Coordination would need to involve other players as well as new data sources.
- There is also a need to improve the use of data for policy decisions and analysis.
- The suggestion was made to consider a regional working group on data and monitoring to follow up on these issues.

DECISIONS AND AGREED FOLLOW-UP ACTIONS

- A proposal on a new IBC on data and monitoring will be developed, led by UNICEF.
- Agencies will keep each other informed of statistical work and involved in related upcoming or planned events.

Item 9: UPDATES FROM THE ISSUE-BASED COALITIONS

An update was provided by the co-leading agencies of the Issue-Based Coalitions.

IBC on Health (presented by WHO):

- Objectives for 2017-2019 were identified.
- Four work streams: 1) health throughout the life course; 2) communicable diseases; 3) universal health coverage; 4) migration.
- Types of joint activities identified: advocacy initiatives; expertise and thematic rosters, policy alignment, etc.
- Next steps: second IBC meeting; regular progress reports; multi-sectoral platform; integration into MAPS and UNDAF processes.

During the discussion, the following comments were made:

- UN Environment expressed the intention to join the IBC on Health.
- UNAIDS informed about the Ministerial Conference on Tuberculosis in Moscow.
- UNFPA suggested that the issues of the sexual reproductive health could be taken forward.

IBC on Youth and Adolescents (presented by UNFPA and UNICEF):

- Work Plan identified the priorities for 2017.
- Current work includes: (a) mapping adolescent and youth participation in peace building and social cohesion; (b) focus on the role of young people in the SDG monitoring; (c) mapping of adolescents and youth events in the region.
- Next steps include: defining specific opportunities for joint initiatives/action, including identification of a few strategic initiatives on which agencies could collaborate; clarifying how other IBCs will address issues of adolescents and youth; building alliances with regional adolescent and youth organizations; strengthening coalition, grounding the IBC at the country level, strengthening commitment; engaging with the adolescents and youth, inviting other strategic partners to join as appropriate.

During the discussion, the following comments were made:

- UNAIDS. International Festival of Youth and Students in Sochi in mid-October – UNAIDS will be more actively involved and if strong youth candidates are known, non-conventional youth leaders, migrants, refugees, young people with HIV – focus on inclusion.
- UNHCR. How different IBCs that link together and how advocacy is cross-fertilising the work of the IBCs.

IBC on Gender (presented UN Women and UNFPA)

- Emerging Issues: conservative, nationalist and xenophobic sentiments on the rise; Anti-Choice Organizations play a key role in constructing a coalition of conservative powers, leading to the developments against the ratification of the Istanbul Convention; re-traditionalization often supported by influential religious institutions.
- The focus is on country support on gender and SDGs (UNCT GTGs), including Regional Guidance Note on Gender and SDGs; UNDAF/PSG support, information sharing on SDGs; 9 UNCTs are implementing the gender scorecard; broader partnership with the non-UN partners (engagement with regional initiatives).
- Key challenges: difficult external environment; gaps in internal coordination; lack of information-sharing by some member agencies; resources remain limited for programming at scale; resource constraints.

During the discussion, the following comments were made:

- UN Environment reminded of the Gender Champions initiative.
- UNECE noted that two women NGOs were leading the preparation for the pre-meeting of the CSOs on the eve of the Regional Forum on SD.

- R-UNDG Chair stressed that gender is among key accelerators for the SDGs. The UN system should try bring in the “voices” of thought leaders and global shapers (e.g. Malala) to advocate for gender empowerment.

IBC on Social Protection (presented by ILO):

- IBC on Social Protection had a face-to-face meeting in April 2017, hosted by UNDP in Istanbul with 24 regional and national IBC representatives (7 agencies (FAO, UNFPA, UN Women, WFP) + 11 countries (new BiH, Serbia, Turkey and Uzbekistan). Purpose – knowledge sharing (showcasing the examples of joint work);
- Working groups developed a series of advocacy messages (regional concepts and approaches; coverage and financial challenges; labour markets and social services). A complete set of joint advocacy messages will be published by the end of the year. Work plan implementation is on track.

During the discussion, the following comments were made:

- UNDP commended ILO and UNICEF for their leadership of the IBC (membership is growing; formulation of advocacy messages; 4 country case studies are under preparation);
- UNICEF emphasized that fiscal space for social protection could be added to the focus of the IBC.

IBC on Large Movements of People, Displacement and Resilience (presented by UNHCR):

- Two results identified: (1) a coordinated system to map out high level advocacy events to influence perceptions, public discourse and policies on refugees, migrants and affected populations; (2) advocacy messages related to large displacement, migration and resilience are developed in a coherent manner, both at country and sub-regional level (contextualised)
- Key activities: mapping of key events related to the SDGs and Global Compacts; compilation of upcoming legislative developments; formulation of shared key advocacy messages; background note on the integration of refugees, migrants and stateless persons in the relevant SDGs.

During the discussion, the following comments were made:

- UNICEF informed of the upcoming G7 meeting and other high level meetings in Europe, which could be used for advocacy work;
- UNDP suggested that the UN work on humanitarian and development nexus (e.g. Ukraine, Turkey, the Balkans) could become a contribution from the regional level.
- UN Environment and UNOPS will become members of the IBC
- UN Environment reminded of the environmental dimension of migration (meeting in Baku) and the need to develop longer-term collaboration to integrate environment issues into humanitarian assistance.

DECISIONS AND AGREED FOLLOW-UP ACTIONS

- Presentations of the IBCs will be shared.
- IBCs will meet at least once a year.

- [Work Plan of the IBC on Large Movements of People, Displacement and Resilience](#) was shared for comments. If no comments are provided by 17 May, the Work Plan will be considered final.

Item 10: MIGRATION

Against the background of the General Assembly's negotiations towards a "*Global Compact for safe, orderly and regular migration*", Regional Directors considered possible options to provide a regional input to the Global Compact, in response to a request by the General Assembly and subject to the final decision to be taken by member States.

GA resolution 71/280 on the modalities for these intergovernmental negotiations "*requests the regional economic commissions and invites their subregional offices, in collaboration with other relevant entities of the United Nations system, particularly the International Organization for Migration, to organize discussions among States Members of the United Nations and other relevant stakeholders to examine regional and subregional aspects of international migration and to provide inputs, in accordance with their respective mandates, to the preparatory process of the global compact*" (para 22a).

IOM provided background information on the aims and process of developing the Global Compact:

- The Global Compact would provide a set of common principles and approaches on migration to the international community.
- According to the established timeline, regional consultations are expected to be held by November 2017, in addition to a range of thematic and national consultations and multi-stakeholder hearings.
- Following intergovernmental negotiations in 2018, the Global Compact is expected to be adopted at a UN conference on international migration in New York in September 2018, prior to the General Assembly.

The discussion among Regional Directors stressed the following key points:

- In view of the political sensitivities around the issue of migration, the limitations of existing mandates and a number of ongoing state-led consultation processes, member States in the region are not in favour of a full-fledged regional consultation, as expressed at the UNECE Executive Committee.
- Various aspects could be brought into a regional contribution, such as migration and environment (UN Environment), health (WHO), children (UNICEF) and migrant workers (ILO).
- A regional contribution could also focus on migration data as an important cross-cutting issue.

DECISIONS AND AGREED FOLLOW-UP ACTIONS

- [Member States will also be provided with the option to focus a regional consultation on the more technical issue of migration statistics.](#)

ANY OTHER BUSINESS

- Disaster Risk Reduction: UNISDR provided an update on the work on coherent monitoring of the Sendai framework and the SDGs
- Greening the Economy: UNECE and UN Environment thanked the members of the regional UN system for their contribution to a mapping of green economy initiatives and invited them to submit voluntary commitments under the Batumi Initiative on Green Economy ([BIG-E](#)).
- Next Meeting: Venice, 19-20 October 2017, hosted by the UNESCO Regional Bureau for Science and Culture in Europe.

AGENDA

11 MAY 2017		
Time	Item	Background
10:00-11:30	Cross-sectoral Cooperation for SDG Achievement in Europe and Central Asia – The launch of the Regional Advocacy Paper “Building more Inclusive, Sustainable and Prosperous Societies in Europe and Central Asia: From Vision to Achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals” (ROOM XII)	Regional Advocacy Paper
11:45-12:00	OPENING (ROOM VIII) <i>Mr. Christian Friis Bach, UNECE Executive Secretary/ Chair RCM</i> <i>Ms. Cihan Sultanoglu, UNDP Assistant Administrator and Regional Director for Europe and the CIS/ Chair R-UNDG</i>	
12:00-13:00	Item 1: SDG DIALOGUE WITH MEMBER STATES - Discussion on the Executive Briefing - Use of Regional Advocacy Paper - UNOG SDG Lab (presentation by the Director, Ms. Nadia Isler) - Discussion over the next steps in dialogues with Member States <i>Chaired by Mr. Christian Friis Bach, RCM Chair</i>	
	GROUP PHOTO	
13:00-14:00	Lunch Break	
14:00-15:00	Item 2: DEBRIEF ON REGIONAL FORUM ON SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT - Outcomes and next steps <i>Chaired by Mr. Christian Friis Bach, RCM Chair</i>	Draft Chair’s summary
15:00-15:15	Coffee Break	
15:15-16:15	Item 3: UPDATE ON UN REFORM AND QCPR <i>Mr. John Hendra, Senior UN Coordinator ‘Fit for Purpose’/ Co-chairs of the QCPR Coordinating Team (by video)</i> <i>Chaired by Ms. Cihan Sultanoglu, R-UNDG Chair</i>	Terms of Reference of QCPR Coordinating Team for the follow-up to the special mandates of the 2016 QCPR resolution
16:15-17:00	Item 4: HUMAN RIGHTS UP FRONT: Changes in approaches and mechanisms <i>Mr. Paolo Galli, UNDP Senior Regional Advisor (by video)</i> <i>Chaired by Ms. Cihan Sultanoglu, R-UNDG Chair</i>	
18:00	Joint Drinks and Dinner	
12 MAY 2017		
09:00-09:30	Welcome Coffee	
09:30-11:00	Item 5: BELARUS: Challenges and opportunities (including the SDGs) <i>Mr. Sanaka Samarasinha, UN RC, and the UNCT in Belarus (by video)</i> <i>Chaired by Ms. Cihan Sultanoglu, R-UNDG Chair</i>	
11:00-12:30	Item 6: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA: Challenges and opportunities (including the SDGs) <i>Ms. Sezin Sinanoglu, UN RC, and the UNCT in Bosnia and Herzegovina (by video)</i>	Bosnia and Herzegovina UNCT Background Note

	<i>Chaired by Ms. Cihan Sultanoglu, R-UNDG Chair</i>	
12:30-13:00	<p>Item 7: UPDATE ON PROGRESS WITHIN SDG COMMON FRAMEWORK: MAPS Missions and PSG support</p> <p><i>Mr. Rastislav Vrbensky, UNDP Deputy Regional Director</i> <i>Ms. Alanna Armitage, UNFPA Regional Director</i> <i>Mr. Vinay Saldanha, UNAIDS Regional Director</i></p> <p><i>Chaired by Ms. Cihan Sultanoglu, R-UNDG Chair</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SDG practices in the ECA countries • PSG 2017 Work Plan
13:00-14:00	Lunch Break	
14:00-14:45	<p>Item 8: INTER-AGENCY COOPERATION ON DATA AND MONITORING</p> <p>- <i>UNECE Expert Meeting on SDG Statistics, 10-12 April 2017</i></p> <p><i>Chaired by Mr. Christian Friis Bach, RCM Chair</i></p>	
14:45-16:00	<p>Item 9: UPDATES FROM ISSUE-BASED COALITIONS</p> <p>- <i>Informal updates on ongoing and upcoming activities</i></p> <p><i>Chaired by Mr. Christian Friis Bach, RCM Chair</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IBC on Adolescents and Youth 2017 Work Plan • IBC on Gender 2017 Work Plan • IBC on Health 2017-2019 Work Plan • IBC on Social Protection 2017 Work Plan • ECA R-UNDG 2017 Draft Work Plan • ECA R-UNDG 2016 Draft Report
16:00-16:15	Coffee Break	
16:15-17:00	<p>Item 10: MIGRATION</p> <p>- <i>Regional discussion on migration as input to Global Compact on Migration (IOM and UNECE)</i></p> <p><i>Chaired by Mr. Christian Friis Bach, RCM Chair</i></p>	UNGA Resolution A/71/280
17:00-17:30	<p>ANY OTHER BUSINESS</p> <p>- <i>Update by UNISDR on work on coherent monitoring</i></p> <p>- <i>Next meeting</i></p> <p><i>Chaired by Ms. Cihan Sultanoglu, R-UNDG Chair</i></p>	
17:30-18:00	<p>AGREEMENT ON NEXT STEPS AND CLOSING REMARKS</p> <p><i>Ms. Cihan Sultanoglu, UNDP Assistant Administrator and Regional Director for Europe and the CIS/ Chair R-UNDG</i> <i>Mr. Christian Friis Bach, UNECE Executive Secretary/ Chair RCM</i></p>	